Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 2714

INTRODUCED BY REP. MAXIMO, JR. Y. DALOG

EXPLANATORY NOTE

In the entire Philippine Archipelago, only the Cordillera Administrative Region has a national toll road now known as the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway-Kennon National Toll Road comprising of three (3) toll gates found in Camps 1 and 6 both in Tuba, Benguet, along Kennon Road and the third one in Acop, Tublay, Benguet, along Halsema Highway.

The Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road was established in the 1950s. It would appear that motorists traversing the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway and paying toll fees therein are being charged twice in as much as these motorists or motor vehicle owners are also charged and are required to pay the MOTOR VEHICLE USER'S CHARGE (MVUC), the purpose of which is the improvement and maintenance of national and provincial roads.

Unfortunately, the ones directly affected by this toll collection along the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway are indigenous peoples either as simple or regular travellers, small time businessmen trying to establish their source of income and mostly farmers transporting their agricultural products to the La Trinidad Vegetable Trading Post or directly to Baguio City and to Metro Manila not to mention those travelling in the lowlands to get whatever necessity they need in their daily day to day existence.

It has to be noted that the Cordillera Administrative Region is the major supplier of vegetables in Metro Manila, Central Luzon or even the entire country and most of the farmers comes from Benguet and Mountain Province who have to take the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway which is the only route to the La Trinidad Vegetable Trading Post and the fastest route to Metro Manila. Necessarily, the collection of toll fees in the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway has a domino effect in that it would naturally increase the prices of vegetables transported to the La Trinidad Vegetable Trading Post, Metro Manila and other parts of the country. It likewise increases the fares of commuters riding public utility vehicles not to mention the inconvenience and delay of travel along the stretch of the road as motorists and all vehicles has to queue before the toll gate to pay toll fees.
Finally, the toll fees collected in the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway is not retained in the area for its maintenance but is remitted to the national fund. Funds for the repair and maintenance of the road needs to be requested from the DPWH which usually is so tedious and time consuming.

Thus, the purpose of this bill is to abolish the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road and terminate the collection of toll fees thereto in as much as it is the mandate of the government to maintain, secure and improve national roads in the entire country.

Hence, approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

MAXIMO; JR. Y. DALOG
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HOUSE BILL NO. ______

INTRODUCED BY REP. MAXIMO, JR. Y. DALOG

AN ACT ABOLISHING THE BAGUIO-BONTOC HALSEMA HIGHWAY NATIONAL TOLL ROAD AND TERMINATING COLLECTION OF TOLL FEES THERETO

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as "The Abolition of the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road."

Section 2. Abolition of the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road. The Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road is hereby abolished and the collection of toll fees thereto is hereby terminated.

Section 3. Repealing Cause. All laws, executive orders, decrees, instructions, rules and regulations that created the Baguio-Bontoc Halsema Highway National Toll Road or that has something to do with its creation, operation and collection of toll fees thereto is/are hereby repealed and the collection of toll fees thereto terminated.

Section 4. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,