Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 2412

Introduced by Rep. Precious Hipolito Castelo

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Data over the years suggest that there is an increasing trend in the number of Overseas Filipino Workers (OFWs) being deployed.¹ Further, OFW remittances have steadily increased. In 1990, the yearly remittances reached the one billion US dollar mark and 24 years later or in 2014, had increased to 24 billion US dollars, constituting ten percent (10%) of the country’s Gross Domestic Product. Thus, although the OFW program was meant to be a temporary measure to address the labor crisis in the 1970s, it has now become a major feature of our economy, such that OFWs have been declared as bagong bayani or modern-day heroes for keeping our economy afloat in times of financial crisis.

It is worth noting that under the current system, several agencies and offices are tasked to handle the various concerns of OFWs. Aside from the DFA, OFWs and their families also have to deal with the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) and its attached agencies, the Philippine Overseas Employment Administration (POEA) and the Overseas Workers and Welfare Administration (OWWA). This often confuses our OFWs as to which agency has jurisdiction over their particular concerns.

This bill seeks to address this anomaly by creating a Department of Overseas Filipino Workers (DOFW) to be the single government agency that would provide a unified and coordinated service to OFWs from deployment to repatriation. Moreover, this proposal also seeks to protect and strengthen the OFW families who often suffer from broken marriages, drug addiction, and other psychological problems brought about by long separation of OFWs with their families. By establishing OFW Family Centers that shall provide welfare assistance and counselling services to the families of OFWs, it is hoped that this bill will help solve or at least ease these problems attendant to overseas employment.

In view of the foregoing, immediate consideration and passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

AN ACT
CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF OVERSEAS FILIPINO WORKERS, DEFINING ITS
POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER
PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Republic of the Philippines
in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the “Department of Overseas
Filipino Workers Act”.

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is the policy of the State to afford full protection to
labor, local and overseas, organized and unorganized, and promote full employment and
equal employment opportunities for all. Pursuant thereto, the State shall provide adequate
and timely social, economic, and legal services to Filipino migrant workers to ensure that
their welfare is promoted.

While recognizing the significant contribution of Filipino migrant workers to the
national economy through their foreign exchange remittances, the State does not promote
overseas employment as a means to sustain economic growth and achieve national
development. The existence of overseas employment program rests solely on the assurance
that the dignity and fundamental human rights and freedoms of all Filipino migrant workers
shall not, at any time, be compromised or violated. The State, therefore, shall continuously
create local employment opportunities and promote the equitable distribution of wealth and
the benefits of development.

SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. – The following terms, as used in this Act, shall mean:

a) “Act” refers to the “Department of Overseas Filipino Workers (DOFW) Act”;

b) “Bona fide Non-Government Organizations (NGOs)” refers to non-government or
civil society or faith-based organizations duly recognized by the Philippine
Embassy as active partners of the Philippine Government in the protection of
Filipino migrant workers and the promotion of their welfare;

c) “Contracted Workers” refers to Filipino workers with employment contracts
already approved by the Department for overseas deployment;
d) "Left-Behind Households" means families left behind by OFWs to work abroad; and

e) "Migrant Worker" refers to a person who is to be engaged, is engaged, or has been engaged in a remunerated activity in a state of which he or she is not a legal resident, to be used interchangeably with Overseas Filipino Worker (OFW).

SEC. 4. Interpretation. – In interpreting the provisions of this Act, including its implementing rules and regulations, the courts shall have due regard to the policy of the law in favor of labor.

SEC. 5. Creation of Department of Overseas Filipino Workers. – There is hereby created the Department of Overseas Filipino Workers, hereinafter referred to as the Department, which shall prepare, integrate, coordinate, supervise and control all plans, programs, projects, and activities of the Government relative to overseas employment.

SEC. 6. Mandate. – The Department shall be the primary policy-making, programming, coordinating and administrative entity of the Executive Branch of the government in the field of overseas labor and employment. It shall formulate and undertake a systematic program for promoting the welfare of OFWs and monitoring their overseas employment, taking into consideration domestic manpower requirements and the need to protect their rights to fair and equitable employment practices.

SEC. 7. Powers and Functions. – The Department shall assume the powers and functions of the Philippine Overseas and Employment Administration (POEA), the Overseas Workers Welfare Administration (OWWA), and other government offices dealing with overseas employment, such as the Office of the Undersecretary for Migrant Workers Affairs in the Department of Foreign Affairs, the Commission on Filipinos Overseas under the Office of the President, and the Philippine Overseas Labor Office under the Department of Labor and Employment.

SEC. 8. Organizational Structure. – The Department shall consist of the Office of the Secretary, and Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries, the Services, and the Regional Offices. The Secretary, Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries shall be appointed by the President.

CHAPTER II
DEPARTMENT PROPER

SEC. 9. Office of the Secretary. – The Office of the Secretary shall consist of the Secretary and his immediate staff.

SEC. 10. Undersecretary. – The Secretary shall be assisted by at least four (4) but not more than six (6) Undersecretaries who shall be appointed by the President. The Secretary is hereby authorized to delineate and assign the respective functional areas of responsibility of the Undersecretaries.

SEC. 11. Assistant Secretaries. – The Secretary shall likewise be assisted by not more than four (4) Assistant Secretaries who shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary. The Secretary is hereby authorized to delineate and assign the respective areas of functional responsibility of the Assistant Secretaries. Within his functional responsibility, the Assistant Secretary shall assist the Secretary and Undersecretaries in the formulation, determination and implementation of laws, policies,
plans, programs and projects on Overseas Filipino Workers and shall oversee the day-to-day administration and supervision of the constituent units of the Department.

SEC. 12. Department Services. – The Department shall have the following services:

a) Planning Service – The Planning Service shall provide the Department with efficient, effective, and economical services relating to planning, programming, project development and evaluation, and the development and implementation of a management information system.

b) Administrative Service – The Administrative Service shall provide the Department with efficient, effective, and economical services relating to records, management, supplies, equipment, collections, disbursements, building administration and maintenance, security and custodial work.

c) Human Resource Development Service – The Human resource Development Service shall provide the Department with a program and corresponding projects that shall make available training, education and development opportunities needed to upgrade the levels of competence and productivity of Department managers and personnel.

d) Financial Management Service – The Financial Management Service shall be responsible for providing the Department with efficient, effective and economical services relating to budgetary, financial, management improvement and internal control matters.

e) Legal Service – The Legal Service shall provide legal advice and service to Department officers and employees, prepare informative or clarificatory opinions on laws, rules and regulations related to overseas labor for uniform interpretation thereof, answer legal queries from the public, assist the Office of the Solicitor General in suits involving the Department or its officers of employees or act as their principal counsel in all actions taken in their official capacity or other causes before judicial or administrative bodies.

f) International Labor Affairs Service – The International Labor Affairs Service shall be responsible for monitoring the observance and implementation of all obligations, courtesies, and facilities required by international labor affairs, and related international labor standards and agreements reached in various international labor forums, treaties, and other multilateral, bilateral, or multi-bilateral agreements in the area of labor and employment, provide staff support and policy guidelines to the Secretary in the supervision, monitoring and reporting of the activities of the Philippine overseas labor officers assigned in different countries, serve as the instrumentality of the Department for technical cooperation, programs and activities with other countries and international institutions.

g) Information and Publication Service – The Information and Publication Service shall be responsible for rapport and understanding between the Department and the public through the development of public relations programs and the dissemination of accurate and updated information on overseas labor and employment, by means of publications and media coverage of special events and related matters on the Department's policies, plans, programs, and projects; likewise, it shall be responsible for providing answers to queries from the public regarding the Department's policies, rules, regulations, programs, activities and services.
The Congressional Oversight Committee shall be in existence for a period of five (5) years, and thereafter, its oversight functions shall be exercised by the Senate Committee on Labor, Employment and Human Resources Development and the House Committee on Overseas Workers Affairs acting separately.

CHAPTER IV
TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

SEC. 16. Transfer of Rights, Assets, and Liabilities. – The Department shall, by virtue of this Act, be subrogated to all rights and assume all the liabilities of OWWA and POEA and all other agencies of government units whose functions and powers have been transferred to the Department. All funds, including unexpended appropriations and/or allocations, records, property, assets, and such personnel as necessary, shall likewise be transferred to the Department. All contracts and liabilities of said offices, agencies, and government units are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Department and shall be acted upon in accordance with the Auditing Code and other pertinent laws, rules, and regulations.

SEC. 17. Absorption of Employees of the Consolidated Agencies. – As far as practicable, the officers and employees of the OWWA, POEA, and all other agencies or government units shall be absorbed by the Department, in accordance with its organizational structure and staffing pattern to be determined by the Secretary as provided in the immediately succeeding section.

SEC. 18. Organizational Structure and Staffing Pattern. – The organizational structure and staffing pattern of the Department shall be determined by the Secretary, in consultation with the Department of Budget and Management (DBM), within sixty (60) days after the approval of this Act. In filling the authorized positions created therein, preference shall be given to the personnel of the affected agencies.

SEC. 19. Separation from Service. – Employees separated from the service as a result of this reorganization shall, within six (6) months from their separation from the service, receive the retirement benefits to which they may be entitled under existing laws, rules, and regulations.

CHAPTER V
APPROPRIATION

SEC. 20. Appropriations. – The amount necessary for the initial implementation of this Act shall be taken from the current fiscal year appropriations of the OWWA, POEA, and pertinent offices of the DOLE and the DFA. Thereafter, the amount needed for the operation and maintenance of the Department shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

CHAPTER VI
FINAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 21. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Within ninety (90) days from the promulgation of this Act, the Department of Labor and Employment shall formulate rules and regulations as may be necessary for the proper implementation of this Act.

SEC. 22. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part hereof is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.
SEC. 23. Repealing Clause. – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to, or inconsistent with, the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

SEC. 24. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,