Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

18TH CONGRESS
First Regular Session
2119

HOUSE BILL NO. __________

Introduced by Representative Michael L. Romero

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This House Bill will be pushing for the rationalization of urban agriculture and institutionalize farming in the highly-urbanized regions nationwide. Urban agriculture is the production, processing and marketing of food in response to the demand of consumers within a metropolitan area, with the application of comprehensive production methods. This bill shall be known as “The Urban Farming Act of 2019”.

These urban poor are mostly restricted in terms of education and job opportunities. This Urban Farming Act of 2019 will help them gain the benefits as it will continue to promote better livelihood by providing non-market access to food.

The world population will drastically increase in the next 35 years. Comprehensive Researches have shown that new lands will be sought to grow enough food for everyone. Urban agriculture and farming will not only clean our environment but it will also help minimize the effect of climate change. This proposed House measure also seeks to combat the effects of over population and climate change.

Thus, the early passage of this bill is earnestly requested.

MICHAEL L. ROMERO Ph.D.
Republic of the Philippines  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
Quezon City  

18TH CONGRESS  
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HOUSE BILL NO. 2119  

Introduced by Representative Michael L. Romero  

AN ACT  
PROMOTING THE USE OF URBAN FARMING IN THE  
METROPOLITAN REGIONS TO ADDRESS FOOD SECURITY  
CONCERNS, ESTABLISHING ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITY  
FUNCTIONS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in  
Congress assembled:  

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the “Urban  
Farming Act of 2019”.  

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of  
the republic to establish the fundamental rights of every person to sufficient  
food. The achievement of self-sufficiency in food production is therefore adopted  
as a primary state policy.  

Moving forward, key reforms for the development of a comprehensive, cost-  
effective and environmentally safe agricultural methods are hereby encouraged  
in order to ensure the food security of the country.  

SECTION 3. Rules and Regulations. – For purposes of this Act, the  
designated Secretaries of the Department of Agriculture (DA) and the  
Department of Science and Technology (DOST) are hereby mandated to promote
the use of urban farming in the country’s metropolitan regions as an instrument to address food security concerns and establish ecological community functions of the Philippines.

Inactive, unused and abandoned government lots and buildings owned by either national and local governments, and other available land resources in state colleges and universities shall be considered for growing crops, raising livestock and producing food using the said comprehensive methods.

SECTION 4. Inclusion in Agricultural Training.- Urban farming that are used in agricultural production shall be integrated in the academic curriculum for tertiary level students of both public and private academic institutions.

SECTION 5. Repealing Clause. – All laws, executive orders, issuances, rules and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby amended, repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 6. Separability Clause. If, for any reason or reasons, any portion or provision of this Act shall be held unconstitutional or invalid, the remaining provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect

SECTION 7. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in any newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,