The 1987 Constitution grants the Congress the power to reapportion legislative districts based on Article VI Section 5 Paragraphs 3 and 4, which states that:

(3) Each legislative district shall comprise, as far as practicable, contiguous, compact, and adjacent territory. Each city with a population of at least two hundred fifty thousand, or each province, shall have at least one representative.

(4) Within three years following the return of every census, the Congress shall make a reapportionment of legislative districts based on the standards provided in this section.

The Province of Quezon is one of the biggest provinces in the Philippines by land area and a major contributor to the country’s growth and development. To maximize its potential, the people of the Province of Quezon must be given the opportunity to participate in national legislative affairs through their district representatives, the number of which must be based on the above-mentioned provision in the Constitution.

Based on the 2015 census conducted by the Philippine Statistics Authority, the Province of Quezon has a population of 1,856,582 and the highly urbanized city of Lucena with 266,248. In sum, the total population of Quezon is two million hundred twenty-two thousand eight hundred thirty (2,122,830).

More than two million people of the Province of Quezon are currently represented by only four (4) district representatives. On the average, this shows that each Quezon Representative serves as the voice of more than five hundred thirty thousand constituents. The disproportionate number of constituents for each Quezon District Representative hampers their ability to reach out and provide adequate representation in Congress.

Thus, the reapportionment of the four districts is deemed fitting to meet the socio-economic and political demands of the province, as Quezon continues to grow in capital and population.

This bill is re-filed from the 17th Congress.

In view of the foregoing, approval of this measure is earnestly sought.
ALETA C. SUAREZ
Representative
3rd District, Quezon Province
AN ACT REAPPORTIONING THE CURRENT FOUR (4) LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS OF
THE PROVINCE OF QUEZON TO SEVEN (7) LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Reapportionment of the Four (4) Legislative Districts of the Province of
Quezon. — The Province of Quezon shall have seven (7) legislative districts to commence in the
next national elections after the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 2. Composition of new Districts. — The seven (7) legislative districts shall be
composed of the following:

DISTRICT 1 (NORTHERN QUEZON)
1. Burdeos
2. General Nakar
3. Infanta
4. Jomalig
5. Panukulan
6. Patnanungan
7. Polilo
8. Real
9. Mauban

DISTRICT 1B (CENTRAL QUEZON)
1. Lucban
2. Pagbilao
3. Sampaloc
4. Tayabas City
DISTRICT 2
1. Candelaria
2. Dolores
3. San Antonio
4. Sariaya
5. Tiaong

LONE DISTRICT
1. Lone District of Lucena

BONDUC PENINSULA DISTRICT
1. Agdangan
2. Catanauan
3. General Luna
4. Macalelon
5. Mulanay
6. Padre Burgos
7. Pitogo
8. San Francisco
9. Unisan

LAMON BAY AREA DISTRICT
1. Alabat
2. Atimonan
3. Calauag
4. Gumaca
5. Lopez
6. Perez
7. Plaridel
8. Quezon

RAGAY GULF DISTRICT
1. Buenavista
2. Guinayangan
3. San Narciso
4. San Andres
5. Tagkawayan
SEC. 3. Election of Representative. – The election for the Representatives of the reapportioned districts of the Province of Quezon under this Act shall take place during the next national and local elections after the effectivity of this Act and every three (3) years thereafter.

SEC. 4 Sangguniang Panlalawigan. – In accordance with the reapportionment mandated by this Act, there shall be elected two (2) Sangguniang Panlalawigan members in each district in the next national and local elections.

SEC. 5. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The Commission on Elections shall issue the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.

SEC. 6. Repealing Clause. – All laws, decrees, rules and regulations and other issuances or part thereof which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby amended, repealed, or modified accordingly.

SEC. 7. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in any two newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines, whichever comes earlier.

Approved.