EXPLANATORY NOTE

The advent of the Hello Garci controversy did not only expose the propensity of the people in power to perpetuate themselves in office through election rigging, but more importantly, it exposed the reality that our lines of communication are never secured from the prying eyes or ears of certain personalities whose motives, though doubtful, are certainly evil.

We can never live in a society of limited freedom where we are always mindful that what we say or do are being watched. Privacy is a guaranteed right and our laws should be designed to facilitate, if not, protect the same. But it must be done in harmony with the need to secure public order and the safety of the general public. In this light, this bill proposes to increase the penalties for acts violating one’s privacy and likewise, widens the scope of criminal acts where wiretapping may be allowed so as much secure and safe society may be guaranteed.

This measure also proposes to update the description of wiretapping equipment which was limited then to an era more than fifty years ago. Moreso, this proposal recognizes that these monitoring and recording technologies are readily available to public telecommunication entities, thus, this measure looks to prohibit them from keeping records of voice and data communications passing through their system thereby making said act criminal.

This proposed bill was filed in the 17th Congress, underwent thorough deliberations and was subsequently passed on the Third Reading. Hence, immediate passage of this measure is earnestly prayed for.

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AN ACT AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 4200, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS “AN ACT TO PROHIBIT AND PENALIZE WIRE TAPPING AND OTHER RELATED VIOLATIONS OF THE PRIVACY OF COMMUNICATION

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 1 of Republic Act No. 4200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, not being authorized by [all] ANY [the] part[ies]Y to any ORAL, WIRE, RADIO, DIGITAL OR ELECTRONIC private communication [or spoken word], to tap [any wire or cable, or by using any other device or arrangement, to secretly overhear,] intercept [], or record such communication [or spoken word by using a device commonly known as dictaphone or dictagraph or walkie-talkie or tape recorder, or however otherwise described:] WITH THE USE OF ANY ELECTRONIC, MECHANICAL, DIGITAL OR ANALOG PHONE SYSTEM, OR SIMILAR DEVICES.

It shall also be unlawful for any person, be he a participant or not in the act or acts penalized in the next preceding sentence, to knowingly possess any tape record, wire record, disc record, or any other such record, or copies thereof, of any ORAL, WIRE, RADIO, DIGITAL OR ELECTRONIC PRIVATE communication [or spoken word] secured either before or after the effective date of this Act in the manner prohibited by this law; or to replay the same for any other person or persons; or to communicate the contents thereof, either verbally or in writing, or to furnish transcriptions thereof, whether complete or partial, to any other person: Provided, That the use of such record or any copies thereof as evidence in any civil, criminal investigation or trial of offenses mentioned in Section 3 hereof, shall not be covered by this prohibition."

SECTION 2. Section 2 of Republic Act No. 4200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 2. Any person who willfully or knowingly does or who shall aid, permit, or cause to be done any of the acts declared to be unlawful in the preceding section or who violates the provisions of the
following section or of any order issued thereunder, or aids, permits, or
causes such violation shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by
imprisonment for not less than six months [or more than six years] TO A
MAXIMUM OF SIX (6) YEARS IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT THE
BENEFIT OF PROBATION, and with the accessory penalty of perpetual
absolute disqualification from public office if the offender be a public
official at the time of the commission of the offense, and, if the offender
is an alien he shall be subject to deportation proceedings AFTER
SERVICE OF SENTENCE.”

SECTION 3. Section 3 of Republic Act No. 4200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Section 3. Nothing contained in this Act, however, shall render it
unlawful or punishable for any peace officer[,] OR LAW ENFORCER
who is authorized by a written order of the Court, to execute any of the
acts declared to be unlawful in the two preceding sections in cases
involving the crimes of treason, espionage, provoking war and disloyalty
in case of war, piracy, mutiny in the high seas, rebellion, conspiracy and
proposal to commit rebellion, COUP D’ETAT, CONSPIRACY AND
PROPOSAL TO COMMIT COUP D’ETAT, sedition, conspiracy to
commit sedition, inciting to sedition, kidnapping as defined by the
Revised Penal Code, ROBBERY IN BAND AS DEFINED AND
PENALIZED BY ARTICLES 294, 295, 296, 299 AND 302 OF THE
REVISED PENAL CODE AND PRESIDENTIAL DECREES NO. 532,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE “ANTI-PIRACY AND ANTI-
HIGHWAY ROBBERY LAW OF 1974”, VIOLATION OF REPUBLIC
ACT NO. 9165, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE “COMPREHENSIVE
DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT OF 2002”, AS AMENDED, VIOLATION
OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 3019 OR THE “ANTI-GRAFT AND
CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT”, SYNDICATED ILLEGAL
RECRUITMENT AS DEFINED AND PUNISHED UNDER REPUBLIC
ACT NO. 8042, OR THE “MIGRANT WORKERS AND OVERSEAS
FILIPINOS ACT OF 1995”, AS AMENDED, VIOLATIONS OF
REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9160, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE “ANTI-
MONEY LAUNDERING ACT OF 2001”, AS AMENDED, and
violations of Commonwealth Act No. 616, punishing espionage and
other offenses against national security: Provided, That such written
order shall only be issued or granted upon written explanation and the
examination under oath or affirmation of the applicant and the witnesses
he may produce and a showing: (1) that there are reasonable grounds to
believe that any of the crimes enumerated hereinabove has been
committed or is being committed or is about to be committed; [Provided,
however, That in cases involving the offenses of rebellion, conspiracy
and proposal to commit rebellion, inciting to rebellion, sedition,
conspiracy to commit sedition, and inciting to sedition, such authority
shall be granted upon prior proof that a rebellion or acts of sedition, as
the case may be, have actually been or are being committed:] (2) that
there are reasonable grounds to believe that evidence will be obtained
essential to the conviction of any person for, or to the solution of, or to
the prevention of, any such crimes; and (3) that there are no other means
readily available for obtaining such evidence.
The order granted or issued shall specify: (1) the identity of the person or persons whose communications, conversations, discussions, or spoken words are to be overheard, intercepted, or recorded and, in the case of telegraphic or telephonic communications, the telegraph line or the telephone number involved and its location; (2) the identity of the peace officer authorized to overheard, intercept, or record the communications, conversations, discussions, or spoken words; (3) the offense or offenses committed or sought to be prevented; and (4) the period of authorization. The authorization [shall be effective for the period specified in order which shall not exceed sixty (60) days from the date of issuance of the order, unless extended or renewed by the court upon being satisfied that such extension or renewal is in the public interest.] MAY BE EXTENDED OR RENEWED FOR ANOTHER NINETY (90) DAYS FROM THE EXPIRATION OF THE ORIGINAL PERIOD, SUBJECT TO RENEWAL: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OR RENEWAL IS FILED BY THE ORIGINAL APPLICANT, OR IN CASE OF PHYSICAL OR MENTAL DISABILITY OR DEATH, A MEMBER OF THE TEAM NAMED IN THE ORIGINAL ORDER OF THE AUTHORIZATION.

All recordings made under court authorization shall, within [forty-eight hours] TEN DAYS after the expiration of the period fixed in the order, be deposited with the court in a sealed envelope or sealed package, and shall be accompanied by an affidavit of the peace officer granted such authority stating the numbers of recordings made, the dates and times covered by each recording, the number of tapes, discs, or records included in the deposit, and certifying that no duplicated or copies of the whole or any part thereof have been made, or if made, that all such duplicates or copies are included in the envelope or package deposited with the court. IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON, POLICE OR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIAL TO OMIT OR INCLUDE FROM THE AFFIDAVIT ANY ITEM OR PORTION ABOVE MENTIONED. The envelope or package so deposited shall not be opened, or the recordings replayed, or used in evidence, or their contents revealed, except upon order of the court, which shall not be granted upon motion, with due notice and opportunity to be heard to the person or persons whose conversation or communications have been recorded.

ANY RECORDING AUTHORIZED BY WRITTEN ORDER OF ANY COURT SHALL NOT BE ADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE AGAINST ANY PERSON WHO IS A PARTY TO THE COMMUNICATION, CONVERSATION, DISCUSSION, OR SPOKEN WORD WHICH ARE OVERHEARD, INTERCEPTED, OR RECORDED, IF THE PERSON'S IDENTITY IS NOT SPECIFIED IN SUCH WRITTEN ORDER AS REQUIRED IN THE SECOND PARAGRAPH OF THIS SECTION. THE NAME AND PERSONAL CIRCUMSTANCES OF SUCH PERSON, OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION WHICH TEND TO ESTABLISH THE PERSON'S IDENTITY SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED TO THE PUBLIC.

ANY PERSON, POLICE OR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER WHO VIOLATES ANY OF THE ACTS PRESCRIBED IN THE
PRECEEDING PARAGRAPHS SHALL SUFFER THE PENALTY OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) MONTHS TO SIX (6) YEARS IMPRISONMENT.

The court referred to in this section shall be understood to mean the [Court of First Instance] REGIONAL TRIAL COURT within whose territorial jurisdiction the acts of which authority is applied for are to be executed.”

SECTION 4. A new section to be known as Section 3-A shall be inserted to read as follows:

“SECTION 3-A. IT SHALL BE LIKewise UNLAWFUL FOR PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATION ENTITIES AND OTHER SIMILAR ENTERPRISES ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF VOICE AND DATA TRANSMISSION THROUGH WIRE, RADIO, DIGITAL OR ELECTRONIC MEANS, TO RETAIN FOR MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR RECORDS OF VOICE AND DATA, WHICH ARE NOT THE SUBJECT OF ANY PENDING CASE, INCLUDING INFORMATION ON THE IDENTITY OF THE PARTIES, ORIGIN, DESTINATION, DATE, TIME AND DURATION OF THE COMMUNICATION UNLESS OTHERWISE ORDERED BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION FOR PURPOSES ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 3 OF THIS ACT.

ANY PERSON WHO WILFULLY OR KNOWINGLY VIOLATES THE PROHIBITION HEREIN PRESCRIBED OR WHO AIDS, PERMITS, OR CAUSES SUCH VIOLATION SHALL, UPON CONVICTION THEREOF, BE PUNISHED BY IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) YEARS BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS AND A FINE OF ONE MILLION PESOS (PHP 1,000,000.00), AND WITH THE ACCESSORY PENALTY OF PERPETUAL ABSOLUTE DISQUALIFICATION FROM PUBLIC OFFICE IF THE OFFENDER BE A PUBLIC OFFICIAL AT THE TIME OF THE COMMISSION OF THE OFFENSE: PROVIDED, THAT IF THE PERSON WHO COMMITS THE VIOLATION IS AN ALIEN, THE PERSON SHALL BE SUBJECT TO DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS AFTER SERVICE OF SENTENCE.”

SECTION 5. Separability Clause. – Should any provision of this Act or any part thereof be declared invalid, the other provisions, insofar as they are separable from the invalid one, shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 6. Repealing Clause. – All laws, orders, issuance, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 7. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,