Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City, Metro Manila

18TH CONGRESS
First Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 0620

Introduced by Representative CARLITO S. MARQUEZ

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill seeks to amend pertinent provisions of Republic 7160, otherwise known as the "Local Government Code of 1991". This is a re-filed bill in the 17th Congress and was mothballed by the Committee on Local Government.

The Environment and Natural Resources Management Office in every local government unit is very vital in formulating measures for the consideration of the sanggunian and in providing technical assistance and support to the governor or mayor, as the case may be, in carrying out measures to ensure the delivery of basic services and provision of adequate facilities relative to environment and natural resources services.

The Office establishes, maintains, protects and preserves communal forests, watersheds, tree parks, mangroves, greenbelts and similar forest projects and commercial forest, like industrial tree farms and agro-forestry projects. It also provides extension services to beneficiaries of forest development projects and
technical, financial and infrastructure assistance. It has also the primordial duty in managing and maintaining seed banks and in producing seedlings for forests and tree parks. By the same token, it provides extension services to beneficiaries of forest development projects and renders assistance for natural resources-related conservation and utilization activities consistent with ecological balance. It helps in promoting the small-scale mining and utilization of mineral resources, particularly mining of gold and acts as a regulator to the large-scale mining firms.

It is the overseer in coordinating with government agencies and non-governmental organizations in the implementation of measures to prevent and control land, air and water pollution with the assistance of the DENR. It is the front-liner in the delivery of services concerning the environment and natural resources, particularly in the renewal and rehabilitation of the environment during and in the aftermath of man-made and natural calamities and disasters. It is duty-bound to recommend to the sanggunian and advises the governor or mayor, as the case may be, on all matters relative to the protection, conservation, maximum utilization, application of appropriate technology and other matters related to the environment and natural resources.

We cannot downplay the vital function of the office to nation-building. However, when the Local Government code of 1991 was enacted, it bestowed for the optional appointment of an environment and natural resources officer in the province, city or municipality. This manifest error should be corrected. We must
consider that State should not just formulate the creation of Environment and Natural Resources Management Office for the provincial, city and municipal government as optional but rather be institutionalized as mandatory so that these offices would ensure that the tasks and visions for the provision of environment and natural resources development principles

Immediate approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

ENGR. CARLITO "Lito" S. MARQUEZ
Republic of the Philippines  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
Quezon City, Metro Manila  

18TH CONGRESS  
First Regular Session  

HOUSE BILL NO. 0620  

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AN ACT  
INSTITUTIONALIZING THE MANDATORY ESTABLISHMENT OF  
AN ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
MANAGEMENT OFFICE IN ALL PROVINCES, CITIES AND  
MUNICIPALITIES AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTION  
484 (A) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7160, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS  
“THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT CODE OF 1991”, AS AMENDED  

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives  
of the Philippines in Congress assembled:  

1 Section 1. Title – This Act shall be known and referred to as  

2 the “Mandatory Establishment of Provincial, City and  
3 Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Management  
4 Office of 2019”.  

5 Section. 2. There shall be a mandatory establishment of an  
6 Environment and Natural Resources Management Office in every  
7 province, city and municipality with the necessary budgetary  

appropriations covering the current operating expenditures and capital outlays.

Section 3. Section 484 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as "The Local Government Act of 1991", as amended, particularly Title V (Appointive Local Officials Common To All Municipalities, Cities And Provinces) is hereby amended further to be read as follows:

"Article Fourteen. – The Environment and Natural Resources Officer.

SEC. 484. Qualifications, Powers and Duties. - (a) No person shall be appointed environment and natural resources officer unless he is a citizen of the Philippines, a resident of the local government unit concerned, of good moral character, a holder of a college degree preferably in environment, forestry, agriculture or any related course from a recognized college or university, and a first grade civil service eligible or its equivalent. He must have acquired experience in environmental and natural resources management, conservation, and utilization, of at least five (5) years in the case of the provincial or city environment and natural
resources officer, and three (3) years in the case of the municipal
environment and natural resources officer.

The appointment of the environment and natural resources
officer [optional] **MANDATORY** for provincial city and municipal
governments.

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**Section 4. Separability Clause.** – If any part or section of this
Act is declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect
the other parts or sections of this Act.

**Section 5. Repealing Clause.** – All laws, presidential decrees,
executive orders, ordinances, circulars, rules and regulations
inconsistent with any provisions of this Act shall be deemed
repealed or modified accordingly.

**Section 6. Effectivity Clause.** – This Act shall take effect
fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in two (2)
newspapers of general circulation or in the Official Gazette.

Approved.